

SYLLABUS SUMMARY

Responsible Citizenship

POL 101 Section 2

Semester Spring 2024 Length 16 Weeks Credit Hours 3 Course Location Harold

Course Location Harold Miller Center 154A Course Schedule MWF 9:00-9:50; 11:00-11:50 Instructor Kevin Walker, Ph.D.
Office Location Welder Library (downstairs)
Office Hours MWF 12-1; TTh 1-2
Email KMWalker@umary.edu
Website kevinmatthewwalker.com

Course Description

The question for all free people, whether in the U.S. or elsewhere, whether at the time of the Founding or today, is this: "whether societies are really capable or not of establishing good government from reflection and choice, or whether they are forever destined to depend for their political constitutions on accident and force" (Alexander Hamilton, Federalist #1). In this course, we will examine the principles, institutions and practices designed to meet that challenge, both in the highest regions of government, as well as our own individual lives. We will combine the best insights of political science with political philosophy to gain a strong understanding of our own citizenship, the duties involved, but also the joy that comes with being a good steward of our regime. The unique features of the American political tradition will be engaged as the basis from which students will learn to make responsible choices as citizens, assess contemporary political movements, and develop the acumen needed to ensure the common good.

Required Texts

The following texts are <u>required</u> for the course.

Readings on Citizenship.

Tocqueville, Alexis. *Democracy in America*. Translated by Richard Heffner. New York: Signet Classics, 2010. ISBN: 9780451531605.

Springer, Mark M. Responsible Citizenship: Restoring Civic Community Action. Kendall Hunt. ISBN: 9781792469619.

Workload Expectations and Grades

Since this is a 3-semester credit undergraduate level class, students can expect to spend a minimum of 6 hours per week instructional time and another 12 hours per week studying outside of instructional time.

- Participation and Reading Questions (5%). Come to class every day and be ready to contribute to the conversation. Following the Socratic Method, be prepared to respond to the reading questions which will be passed out each week.
- Reading Quizzes (15%). These are short multiple choice Canvas quizzes that will be given throughout the semester.
- Discussion Responses (10%). These are short responses to questions on the readings on Canvas.
- Three Exams (60% -- 20% each). These are exams on each of the three major parts of the class. There will be study guides.

All late assignments will receive no higher than a B+ unless other arrangements are made by contacting the professor with a specific explanation.

Class Policies

- Academic Honesty. Students are expected to read the <u>University of Mary's Academic Honor Code and Honor System</u> and abide by all the standards of conduct and requirements contained therein. When a student is in doubt about whether or not an action might constitute an Academic Honor Code violation, s/he should request clarification from the instructor *before* the action in question is undertaken. The Academic Honor Code is available for review on my.umary.edu under the General University Policies link. To clarify: *Cheating* is copying one's own notes (e.g., a cheat-sheet) or someone else's exam. *Plagiarism* is copying text you did not write without proper citation as it if was your own, whether it is from online or from another essay.
- Artificial Intelligence. The whole purpose of artificial intelligence software like ChatGPT is to generate fake text. There is therefore absolutely no reason for using AI software for this course. Use of these tools is strictly prohibited, and all assignments will be carefully screened by TurnItIn.com and ZeroGPT.com. Students will be notified about all incidents and offered a chance to explain, but their submission will be reported to the Vice President of Student Affairs.
- **Technology.** For all its uses, certain attitudes toward technology threaten to overwhelm everything distinctly human in us and replace our best qualities with machine functions. This class is focused on preserving humanity. Everything you need to know will be in the assigned texts, the classroom discussions, and your own reasoning and personal insights. There is no need for laptops in class unless you have an accommodation.
- Reasonable Accommodations. The University of Mary, in compliance with the Americans with
 Disabilities Act and in the spirit of our mission, offers support for disabled students who provide required
 documentation. Students with disabilities who need accommodations should apply to the Office of Student
 Accessibility Services. For further information, contact Dr. Lynn Dodge, coordinator of Student
 Accessibility Services, in the Student Success Center (lower level of Welder Library) at (701) 355-8264 or
 lidodge@umary.edu.

Benedictine Values

Each of the Benedictine values – hospitality, service, community, moderation, respect for persons, and prayer – are emphasized at different points throughout the course in discussing the pursuit of the common good. Still, a political philosophy course is focused on two:

- Community. All human communities are political in some way or another. As Aristotle taught, we are "political animals," meaning that whenever any group of people tries to live together, they will get political. Like all aspects of our human nature our bodies, our minds, our relationships, our fine art, etc. politics is meant to be a glorious reflection of the image of God in us; like all of those things, it too is corrupted by sin. Our response should be to discern its original glory and become agents of redeeming our political life. This class will offer the tools to help us do that, whether as public officials or as private citizens.
- Respect for Persons. Any just political order depends entirely on the acceptance of the dignity of the human person. It is the standard we appeal to every time we get angry: complaints about injustice are themselves revelations of justice that exists by nature. It is Jesus Christ's maxim to "do under others as you would have them do unto you" (Matthew 7:12); the Declaration of Independence's claim that it is "self-evident that all men are created equal"; Abraham Lincoln's statement that "as I would not be a slave, so I would not be a master" (Fragment from c. 1858); or Martin Luther King's observation that "[a]ny law that uplifts human personality is just. Any law that degrades human personality is unjust" (Letter from a Birmingham Jail, 1963).

Course Outline

Students are <u>required</u> to read the following readings for each day of class. If classes get behind schedule, we will just continue in order of the readings.

I. Political Philosophy of Citizenship

Week 1 - What is Politics?

January 10 January 12

Aristotle, Politics, Book I (in class)

Aristotle, Politics, Book III

Revelation 21

Exam I – February 16

Week 2 - Cities and Regimes

January 15 January 17 January 19

Plutarch, Life of Lycurgus Community Learning Day Plutarch, Life of Solon

Week 3 – Philosophy and Politics

January 22 January 24 January 26

Plato, Apology of Socrates Plato, Republic – On Democracy Polybius, The Roman Constitution

Week 4 - Rome and the Kingdom of God

January 29 January 31 February 2

Marcus Tullius Cicero, Republic – Why Lucius Anneas Seneca, An Anger The Bible, Matthew 4:1-11; Matthew 5-7; Enter Politics?; The Dream of Scipio Matthew 22; John 18:36; Romans 13;

Week 5 – Modernity

February 5 February 7 February 9

Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan (1651) John Locke, Second Treatise on Jean-Jacques Rousseau, On the Social

Government (1689) Contract (1762)

II. The American RegimeWeek 6 – The Founding

February 12February 14February 16President's DayThe Declaration of Independence;Exam on Weeks 1-6

Abigail Adams, On the Declaration and Women; Thomas Jefferson, *Notes on the State of Virginia* (1781); Letter to Henry Lee (1825); Letter to Roger

Weightman (1826)

Week 7 – The Constitution

February 19 February 21 February 23

The U.S. Constitution Alexander Hamilton, Federalist #1 James Madison, Federalist #10

week 8 – Government

February 26 February 28 March 1

Iames Madison Federalist #48 and 51 George Washington Farewell Address Spring Break

James Madison, Federalist #48 and 51 George Washington, Farewell Address Spring Break (1796)

III. Responsible Citizenship in Practice

Week 9 – Political Discourse

March 4 March 6 March 8

Abraham Lincoln, The Perpetuation of our Political Institutions (1838); William Lloyd Garrison, No Compromise with the Evil of Slavery (1854) Abraham Lincoln, Fragments on Slavery (c. 1854); Stephen Douglas, First Lincoln-Douglas Debate (1858) Abraham Lincoln, First Lincoln-Douglas Debate (1858)

Week 10 - On the Issues

<u>March 11</u> <u>March 13</u> <u>March 15</u>

Exam 2 on March 15

IV. How to Train a Democracy: Lessons from Alexis de Tocqueville (REVISED)

Week 11 - Origins of Democracy

<u>March 18</u> <u>March 20</u> <u>March 22</u>

Democracy in America, Introduction Democracy in America, Chapters 1-3 Democracy in America, Chapters 12-15

Week 12 - Democratic Mind and Spirit

<u>March 25</u> <u>March 27</u>

Democracy in America, Chapters 16-18 Democracy in America, Chapters 19-21 Easter Break

Week 13 - Democratic Psychology

April 1 April 3 April 5

Easter Break Democracy in America, Chapters 26-29 Democracy in America, Chapters 30-

32

Week 14 - Manners, Customs and Morals

April 8 April 10 April 12

Democracy in America, 35-36 Democracy in America, 38-41 Democracy in America, Chapters 43-46

Week 15 - Hopes and Fears

<u>April 15</u> <u>April 17</u> <u>April 19</u>

Democracy in America, Chapter 48 Democracy in America, Chapters 56-57 Discussion and Review

9am Class Exam 3 – Tuesday, April 23, 10:15-12:15 11am Class Exam 3 – Wednesday, April 24, 10:15-12-15